Characterization of conjunctival and subconjunctival inflammatory lesions and associated systemic conditions



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Study outline

To examine the association between conjunctival lesions and systemic manifestations.

Method

Retrospective case study

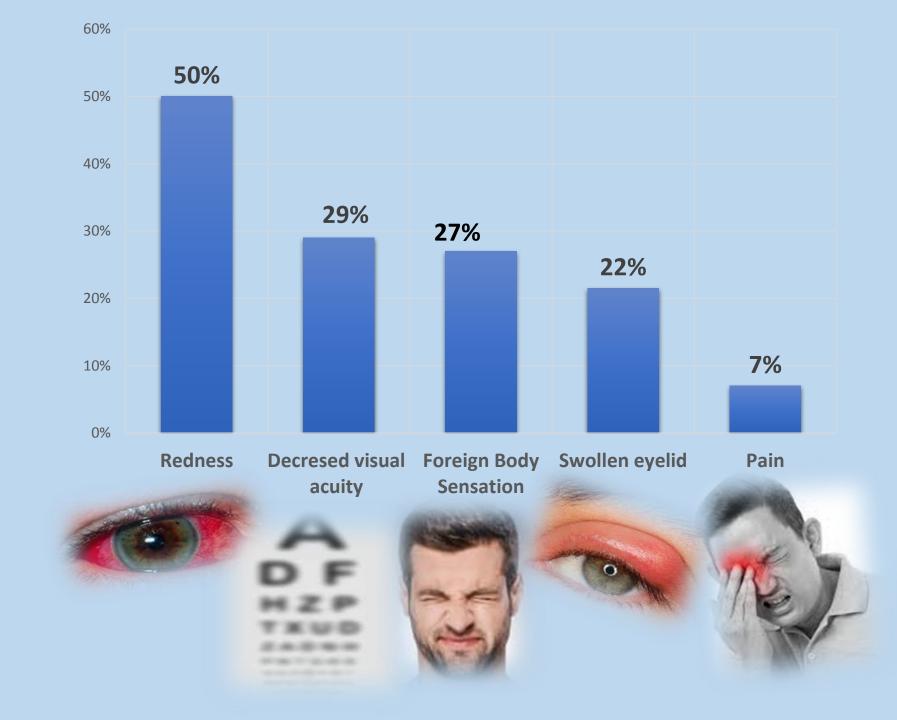
Our cohort

> 12 patients with inflammatory conjunctival and sub conjunctival lesions

- > 72 % female 28% male
- > Average age was 40.7 years
- > Average Follow up time of 21.5 month

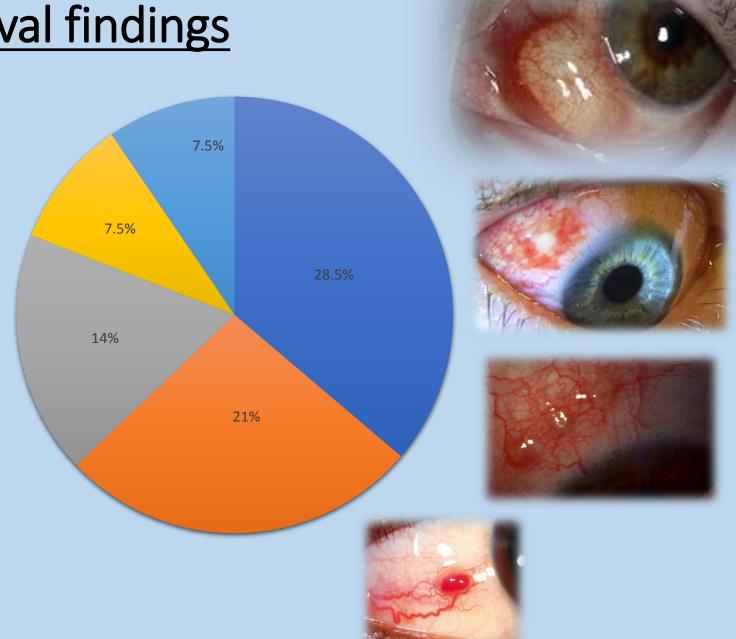
Symptoms

- > 36% both eyes
- > 27% left eye
- ➤ 36.6% right eye



Inflammatory Conjunctival findings

- Conjunctival Cysts
- Ulcer
- Sub conjunctival Nodules
- Conjunctival nodules
- Pyogenic granuloma



Associated conditions

1. Ocular inflammatory condition:

Uveitis- 7%
Band keratopathy – 9%

2. Systemic inflammatory diseases - 45.5%:

Bechet's, Pemphigus vulgaris, JIA, spondyloarthropathies

40% of these patients first presented with ocular symptoms

3. Malignancy -18%:

Ovarian cancer, testicular teratoma, neuroendocrine tumor

<u>Treatment</u>

- > Topical treatment- 63 %
- ➤ Combined topical and systemic 37%



<u>Outcome</u>

Ocular

- > 90% resolution
- > 20% local squeal (fibrosis\scaring\atrophy)
- > 9% on going with improvement



Systemic

- > 9% death
- > 82% are under control
- ➤ 9% currently treated

at present we are studding the specifics characteristics of the lesions predicting association to systemic conditions.

- 1) duration?
- 2) multiple lesions?
- 3) Location?
- 4) Lesion size?
- 5) laterality of diseases?

Knowing the correlation to systemic disease will influence:

> patient management

topical \systemic

patient workup

Dx time

Over study | coast

Thank you



