EVALUATING ADC VALUES IN THE FETAL BRAIN IN PREGNANCIES COMPLICATED WITH TTTS OR CMV

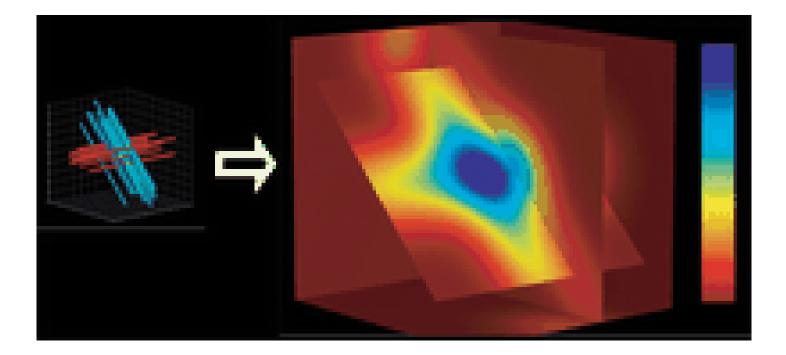
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## DIFFUSION IMAGING

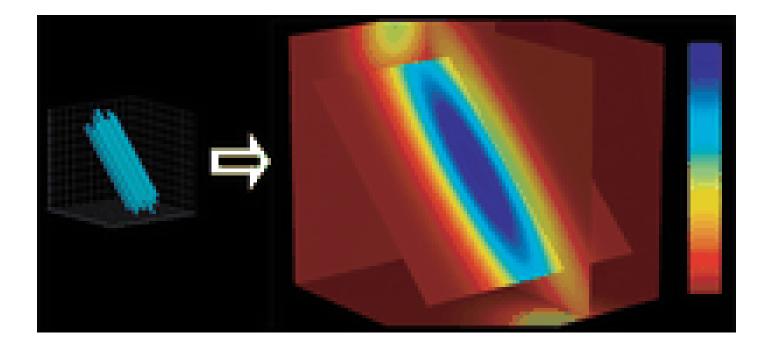
In every voxel (a 3D pixel), water is moving.

- In a voxel that contains spherical cells or randomly oriented tubular structures that intersect, the motion of the water molecules is random and is not constricted to one direction = lsotropic.
- In a voxel that contains longitudinal cells or tubular structures without intersections, such as axons, the motion of the water molecules is confined by the adjacent elements, and becomes directional = Anisotropic.

# ISOTROPIC



# ANISOTROPIC



## WHAT IS DWI?

 In DWI constructed images, each image voxel has an image intensity that reflects a single best measurement of the rate of water diffusion at that location.



# WHAT IS ADC?

Apparent Diffusion Coefficient (ADC) is the diffusion index, in which DWI results are displayed - it's units are mm<sup>2</sup>/s, as it represents spatial motion.

Low ADC value — high level of organization
High ADC value — low level of organization

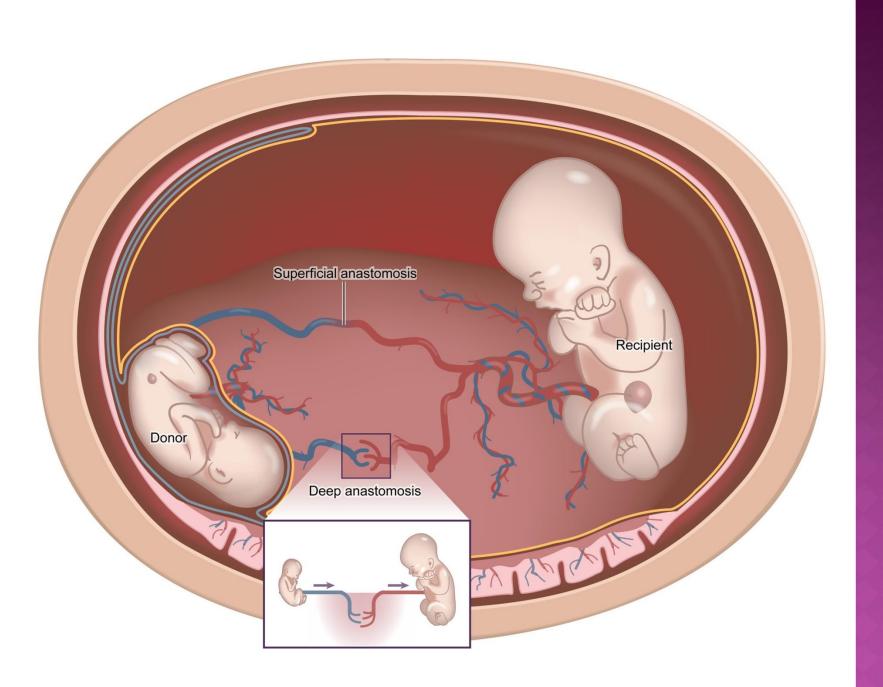
# STUDY OBJECTIVES

We aim to evaluate the magnitude, significance, and prevalence of immediate ischemic insult and ADC values of the fetal brain in:

- Iatrogenic intervention or fetal death in twin pregnancies complicated with Twin-to-Twin Transfusion Syndrome (TTTS)
- Maternal CMV infection during pregnancy.

# WHAT IS TTTS?

- Twin-to-Twin Transfusion Syndrome is a condition in which the blood flow through the vascular anastomoses between two identical twins is unequal.
- This creates a situation where the 'Donor twin' is large and hyperperfused and the 'Recipient twin' is small and hypoperfused.

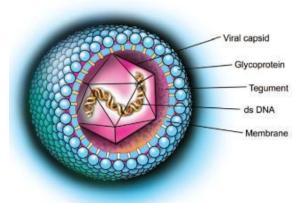


## BRAIN INJURY IN TTTS

- The exact pathogenesis of cerebral injury in TTTS is not fully understood but it appears that donors and recipients are at equal risk for cerebral injury
- If untreated, this condition ends in pregnancy loss by 26 weeks in over 90% of cases.
- Fetoscopic laser surgery caused marked decrease in neonatal morbidity, but neurocognitive morbidity is still a major problem.

# WHAT IS CMV?

 Cytomegalovirus (CMV) is a viral genus of the viral family known as herpesviruses



HCMV Human Cytomegalovirus

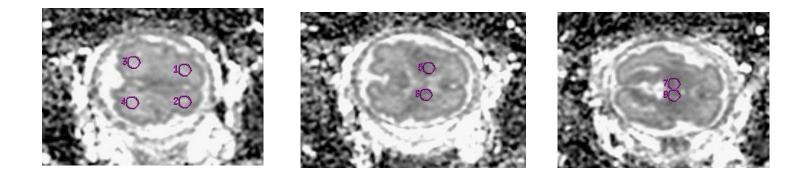
- CMV is the most common cause of intrauterine infection, affecting 0.3-2% of live-born infants.
- Congenital CMV infection is specifically worrisome when maternal infection occurs during the 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> trimester of pregnancy.

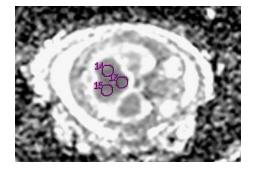
#### RISKS OF MATERNAL CMV INFECTION

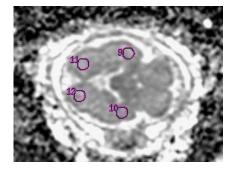
 10% of congenitally infected infants are symptomatic at birth: About a third of them will die and up to 90% of the survivors will develop long term sequelae, such as hearing impairment or neurological abnormalities

 CMV infection is also considered as a significant risk factor for developing schizophrenia and cognitive deficits later in life.

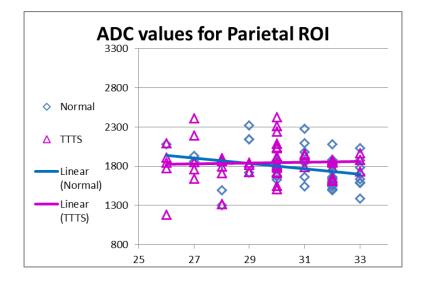


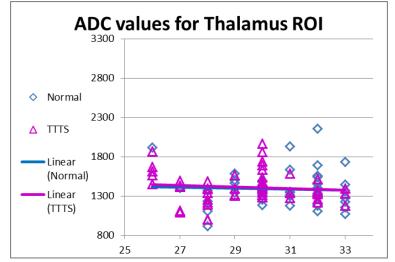


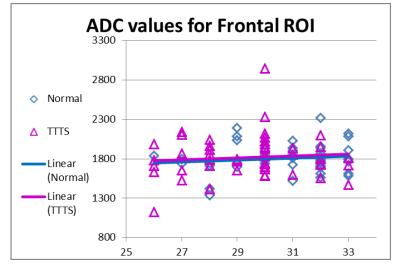


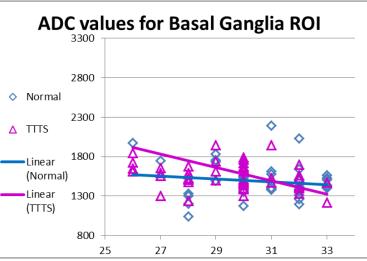


## PRELIMINARY RESULTS - TTTS

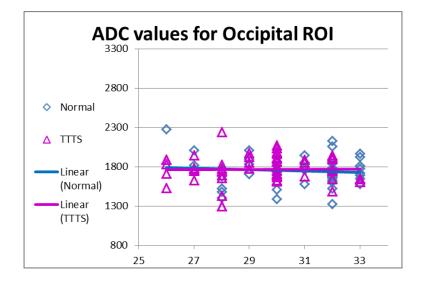


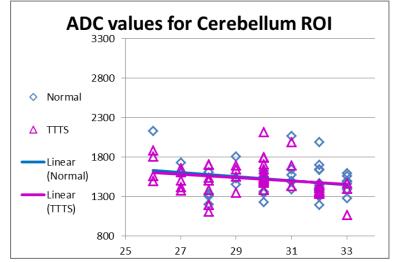


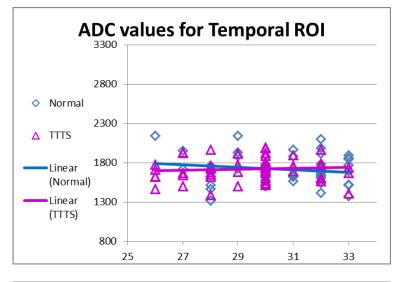


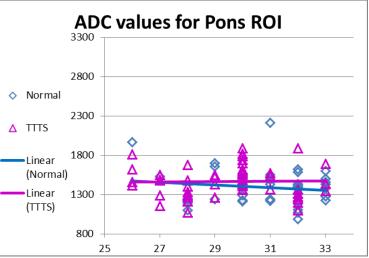


## PRELIMINARY RESULTS - TTTS





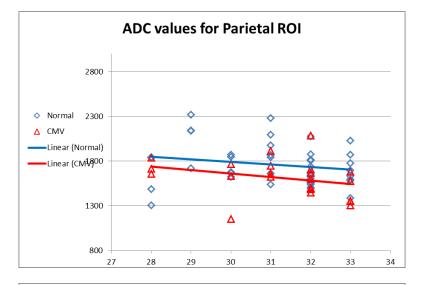


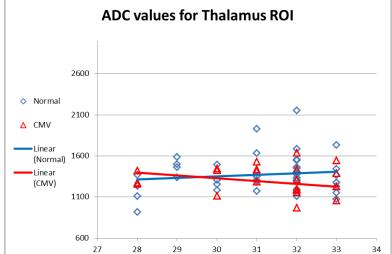


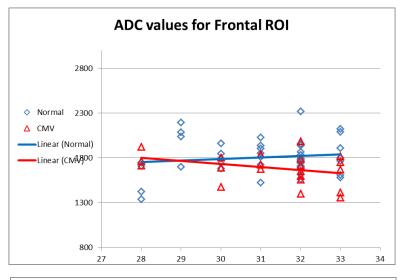
# **DISCUSSION - TTTS**

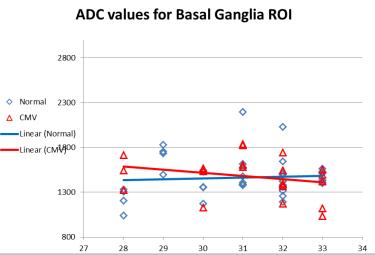
- There are several ROIs in which there is a difference between the TTTS twins and the normal fetuses:
  - Inverse trends in the parietal lobes
  - High ADC value in the BG which decreases over time - perhaps resolution of edema in follow up scans.
  - No change in ADC value in the temporal lobes and the pons.
  - There appears to be no difference in the other regions.

## PRELIMINARY RESULTS - CMV

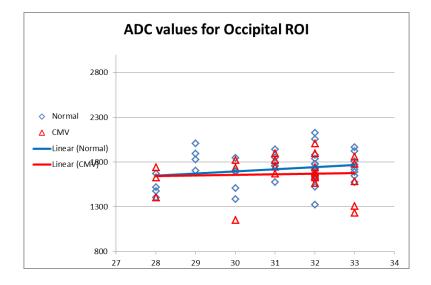


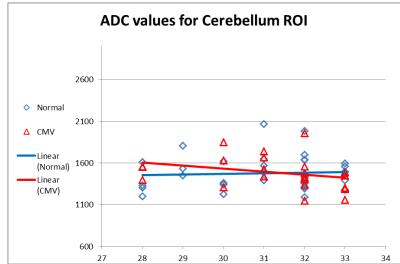


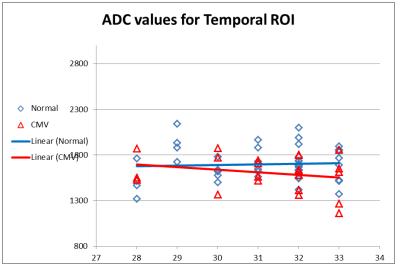


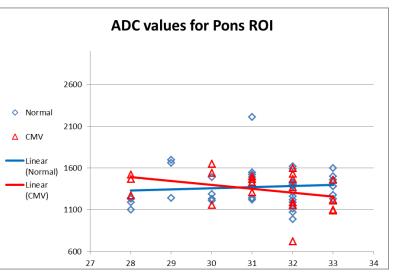


### PRELIMINARY RESULTS - CMV









## DISCUSSION - CMV

- In all regions the mean ADC values are lower in the CMV group.
- In early stages of the pregnancy, the ADC values in some regions of the CMV group are higher than in the normal group, but by the 33<sup>rd</sup> week they all fall below the normal mean values.
- This may be due to inflammatory process and corrective microglial reaction in the CMV group

## WHAT'S NEXT?

 We plan to expand this study to a broader, large scale inquiry into the clinical and psychological outcome for the children, and see if it correlates with the DWI findings.

 This will be done using the Vinland adaptive behavior scale, which is a valid and reliable test to measure a person's adaptive level of functioning.

The questionnaire will filled according to phone interviews with the parents.

# THANK YOU FOR LISTENING! Any questions?

