

NARCOLEPSY AND AUTOIMMUNITY IN MICE

Britain Baker

**The Zabludowicz center for Autoimmune
diseases, Sheba medical center, Israel.**

St. George's University of London- University of Nicosia

Guided by:

Maria Arango PhD

Dr. Shaye Kivity

Prof. Nancy Agmon-Levin

Prof. Yehuda Shoenfeld



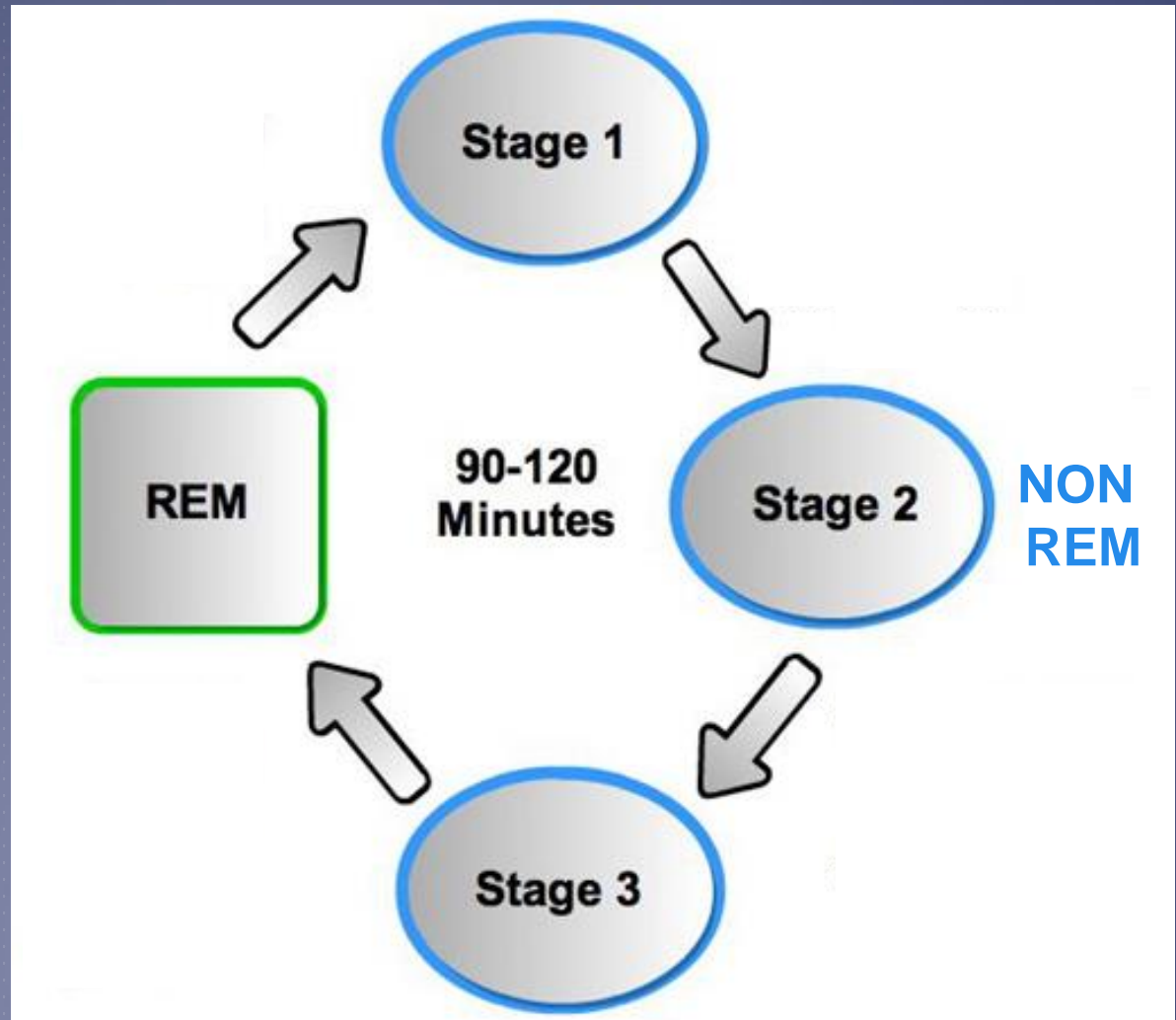
NARCOLEPSY

- ▶ Sleep/Wake Dysregulation
- ▶ Daytime Sleepiness
- ▶ Sudden onset cataplexy (loss of muscle tone)
 - ▶ 50% of patients
- ▶ Attacks are often triggered by emotion or exertion
- ▶ Affects 25-50 people per 100,000
- ▶ A difficult condition to live with



SLEEP CYCLE

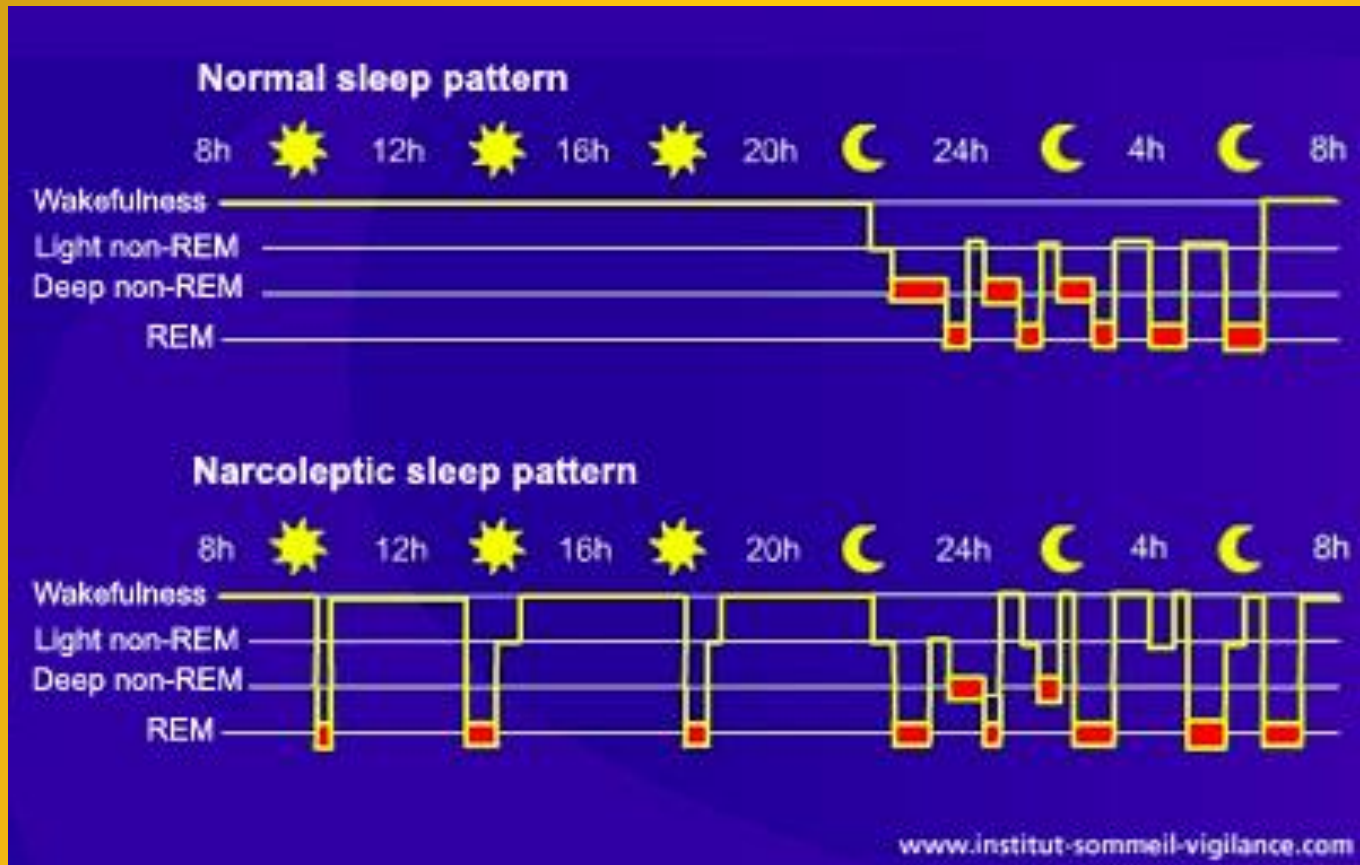
**Awake
State**



	Brain Activity	Skeletal Muscles
NON REM	↓	↑
REM	↑	↓

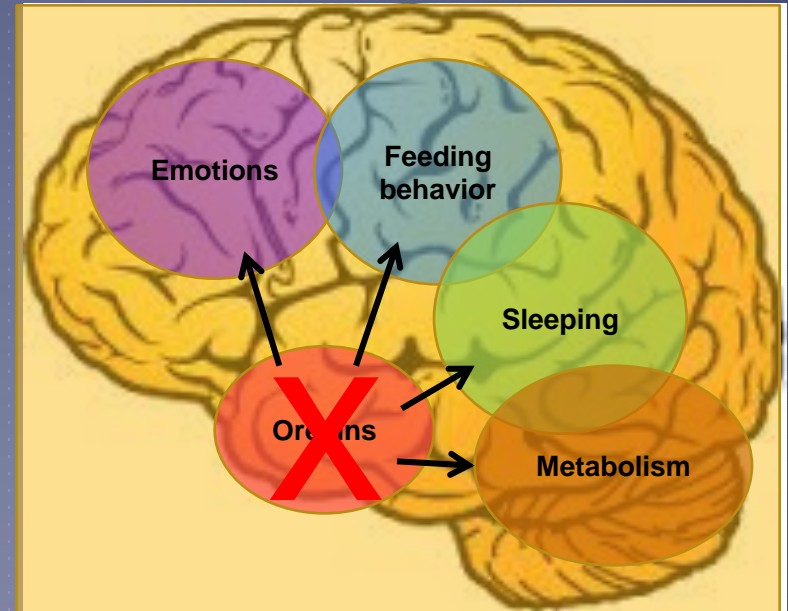
Rapid Eye movement

SLEEP CYCLE



ETIOLOGY

- ▶ Not completely understood
 - ▶ Low levels of Orexin in the CSF
- ▶ Orexins are produced in hypothalamus
 - ▶ Orexins have stimulatory effect over the mono-aminergic neurons
 - ▶ Control release of neurotransmitters associated with alert states.
- ▶ Loss of orexin (hypocretin) neurons



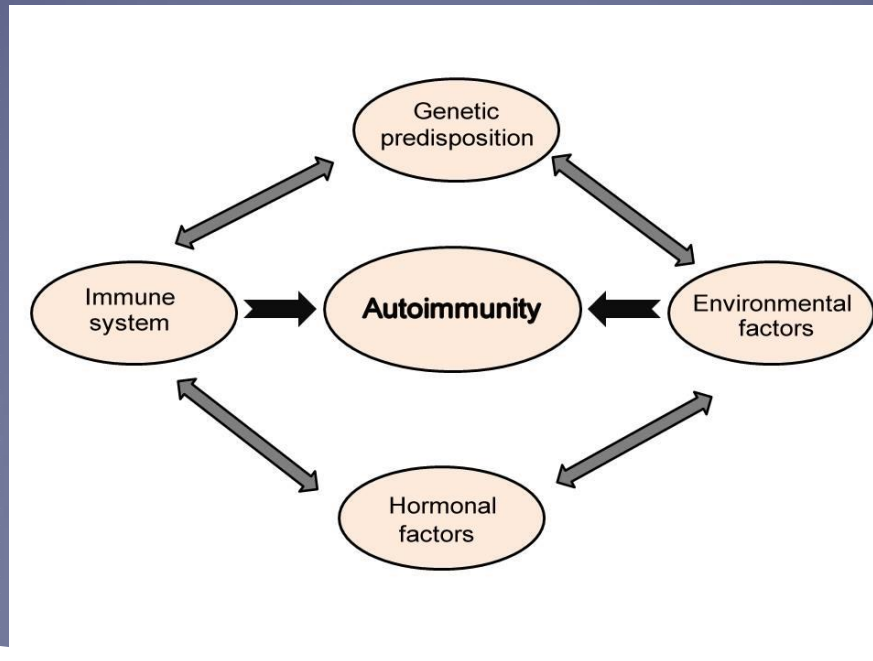
The main issue in narcolepsy is the loss of orexin neurons

Autoimmunity?

Ohno K, Sakurai T (2008) Orexin neuronal circuitry: role in the regulation of sleep and wakefulness. *Frontiers in neuroendocrinology* 29: 70-87

AUTOIMMUNE DISEASES

- ▶ Disease where the immune system attacks ones body.
- ▶ Develops in predisposed individuals.



WHY NARCOLEPSY?

▶ Autoimmunity Hypothesis

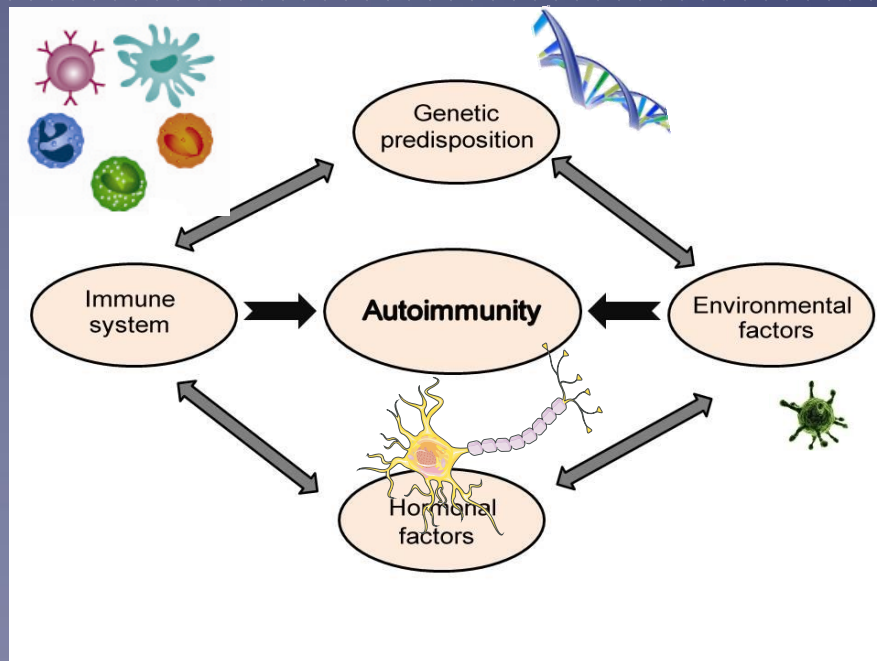
- ▶ Several clues lead researchers to believe that the mechanism behind narcolepsy is autoimmunity

▶ Genetics

- ▶ HLA-DQB1*0602 allele is present in 82-99% of narcoleptic patients

▶ Environmental

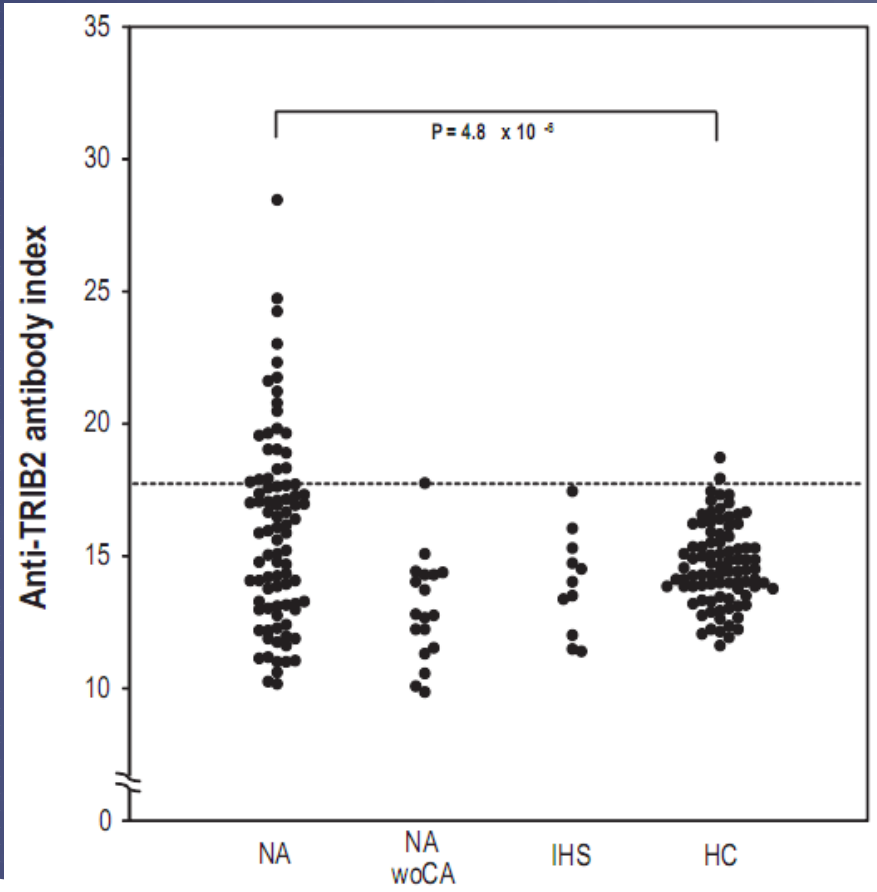
- ▶ Evidence of cases of Narcolepsy with Cataplexy after vaccination against H1N1.
- ▶ Streptococcus infections (antibodies against Strep, found in patients with recent onset narcolepsy)



Arango MT, Kivity S, Shoenfeld Y. Is narcolepsy a classical autoimmune disease? *Pharmacol Res* 2015 Feb;92:6-12.

Kornum BR, Faraco J, Mignot E (2011) Narcolepsy with hypocretin/orexin deficiency, infections and autoimmunity of the brain. *Current Opinion in Neurobiology*

ANTIBODY FOUND?



- ▶ Autoantibody anti Tribbles homologue 2 (Trib2) has recently been found in the serum of afflicted individuals
- ▶ 26.1% of Japanese patients suffering from narcolepsy had higher levels of anti -Trib2 compared to 2.3% of healthy controls

Kawashima M, Lin L, Tanaka S, Jennum P, Knudsen S, et al (2010) An9-Tribbles homologue 2 (TRIB2) autoantibodies in narcolepsy are associated with recent onset of cataplexy. *Sleep* 33: 869.

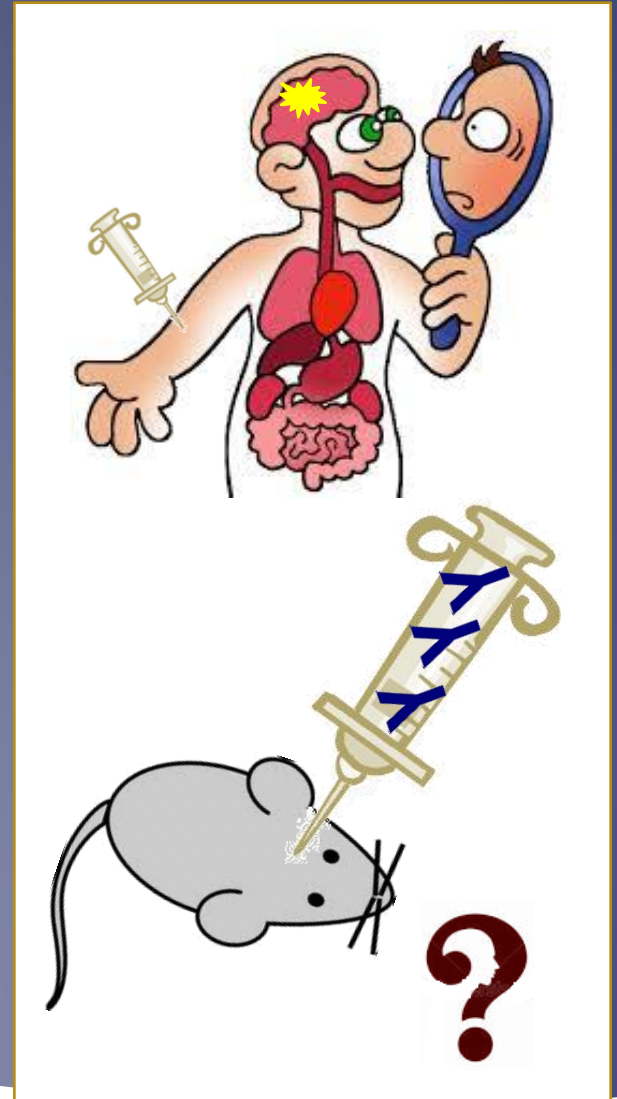
Witebsky's Postulates

- ▶ Criteria to establish a causal link between an autoantibody and a disease:
 1. Identification of the autoantigen
 2. Reproduction of the disease
 3. Active immunization with the autoantigen
 4. **Passive transfer of T cells or autoantibodies**

Lim ASP, Scammell TE (2010) The trouble with Tribbles: do antibodies against TRIB2 cause narcolepsy? Sleep 33: 857.

AIM of Study at The Zabladowicz Center for autoimmune diseases

- ▶ The aim of this study is to further confirm the theory that narcolepsy is an autoimmune disorder.
- ▶ Induction of narcolepsy in mice through passive transfer of total-IgG (including Trib2 autoantibodies) purified from patients with narcolepsy.

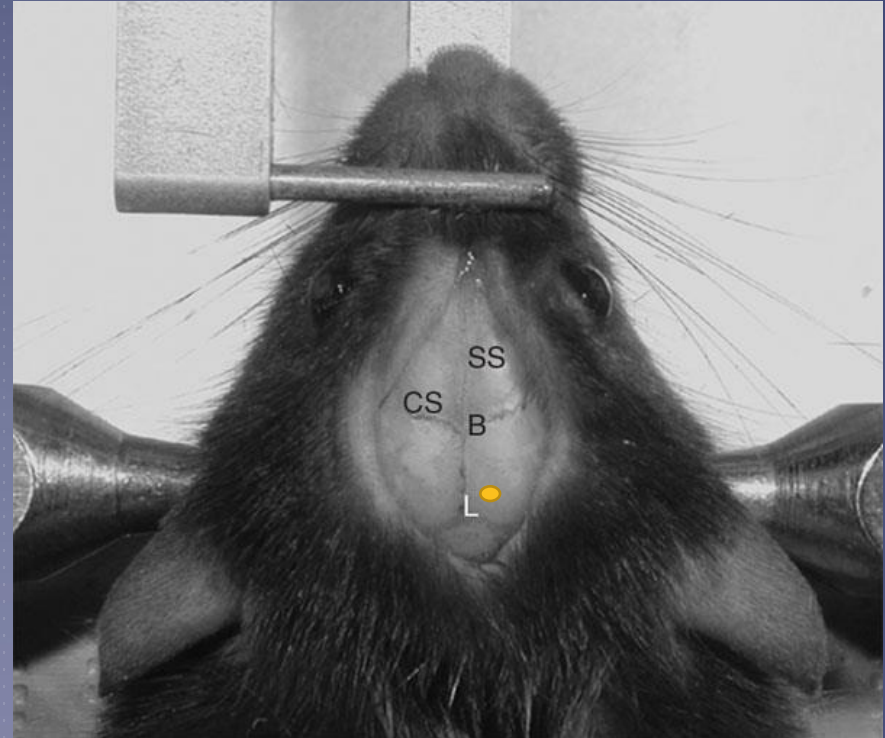
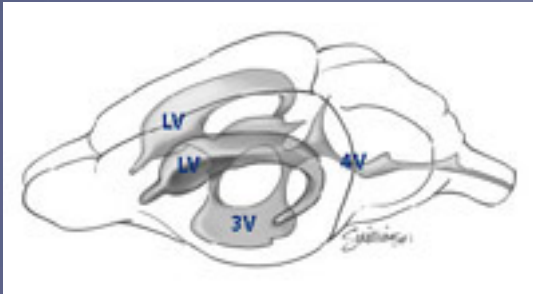


METHODS

- ▶ Evaluate the effect of injecting total-IgG from narcoleptic patients to mice brain.
- ▶ Mice evaluated for:
 - ▶ Sleep behavior
 - ▶ Neurocognitive behavior
 - ▶ Brain histology

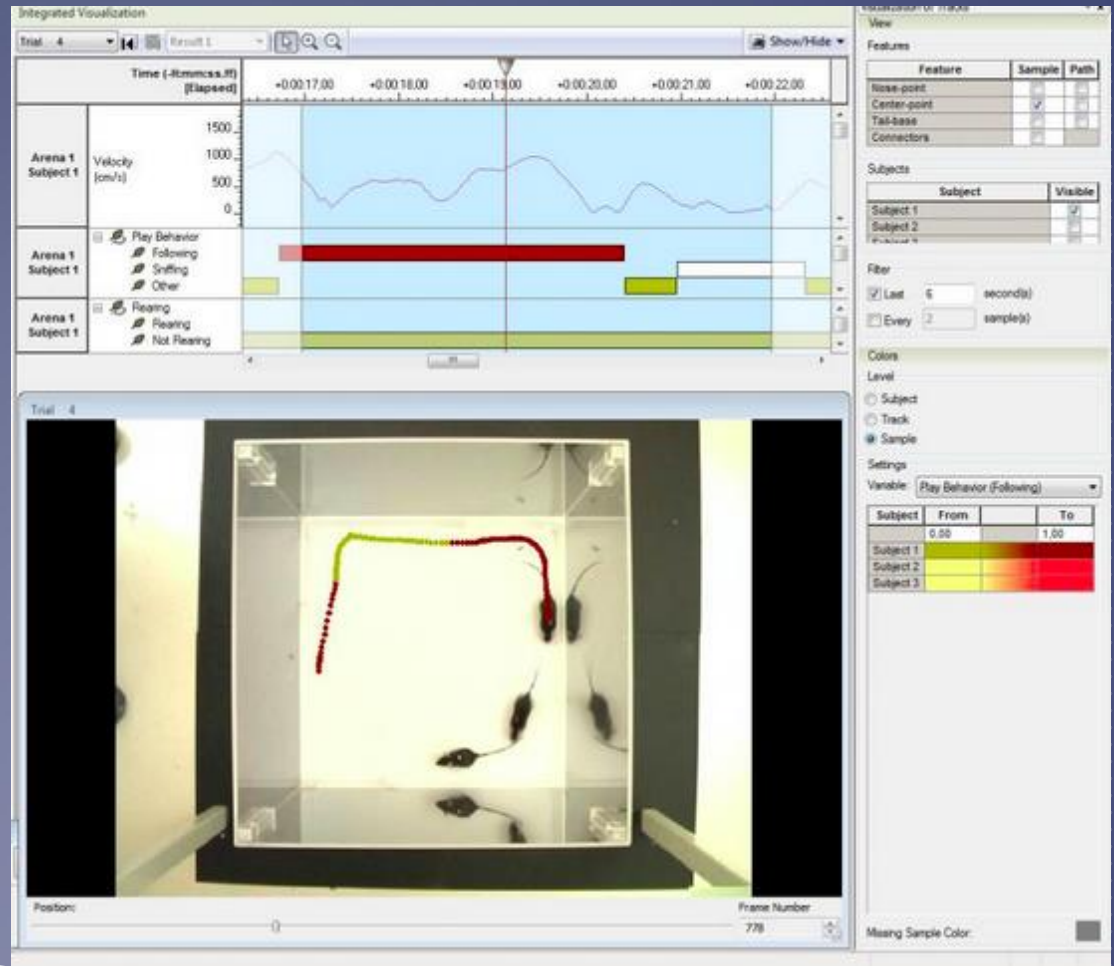
INJECTION OF MICE

1. Mice are anesthetized
2. Skull exposed
3. Injection given in lateral ventricle by entering 2mm anterior and lateral to lambda suture



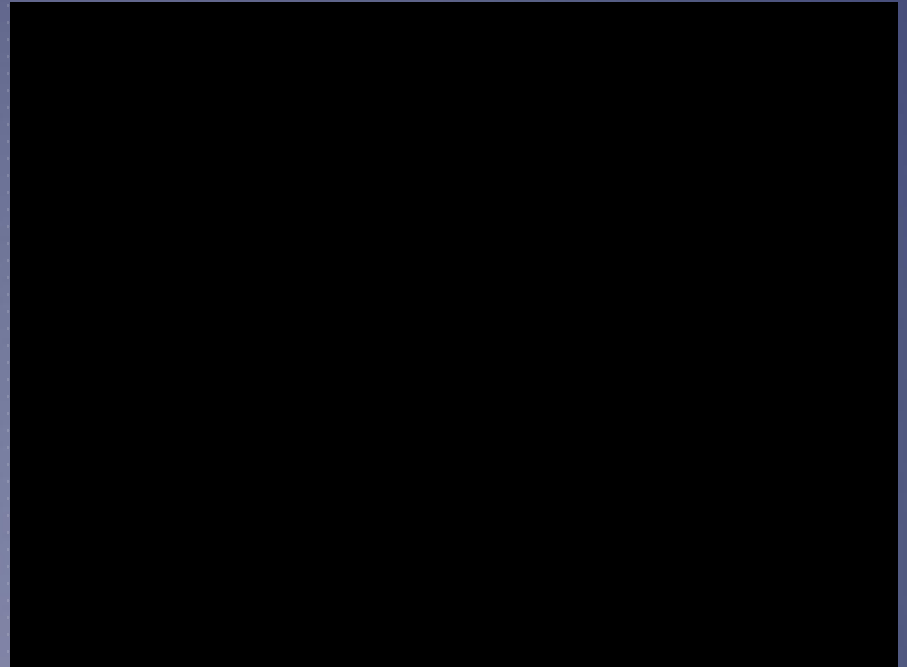
SLEEP PATTERN

- ▶ The sleep behavior is analyzed by looking for freezing events by using EthoVision software®.
- ▶ Freezing events defined as an abrupt transition from an obvious motor activity, with the resumption of obvious purposeful motor activity.



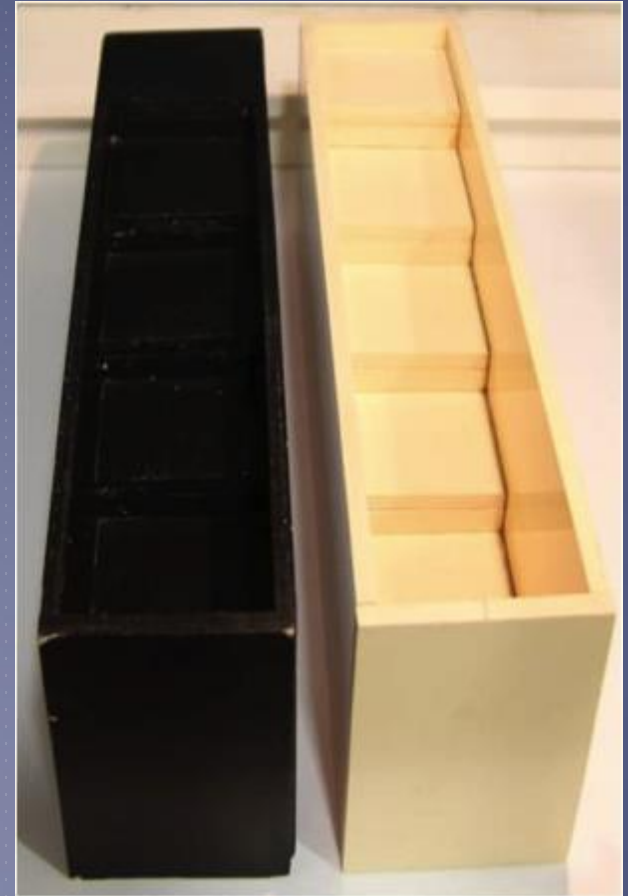
SLEEP PATTERN

- ▶ Sleep pattern changes have been observed in some mice
- ▶ Patterns are still being analyzed



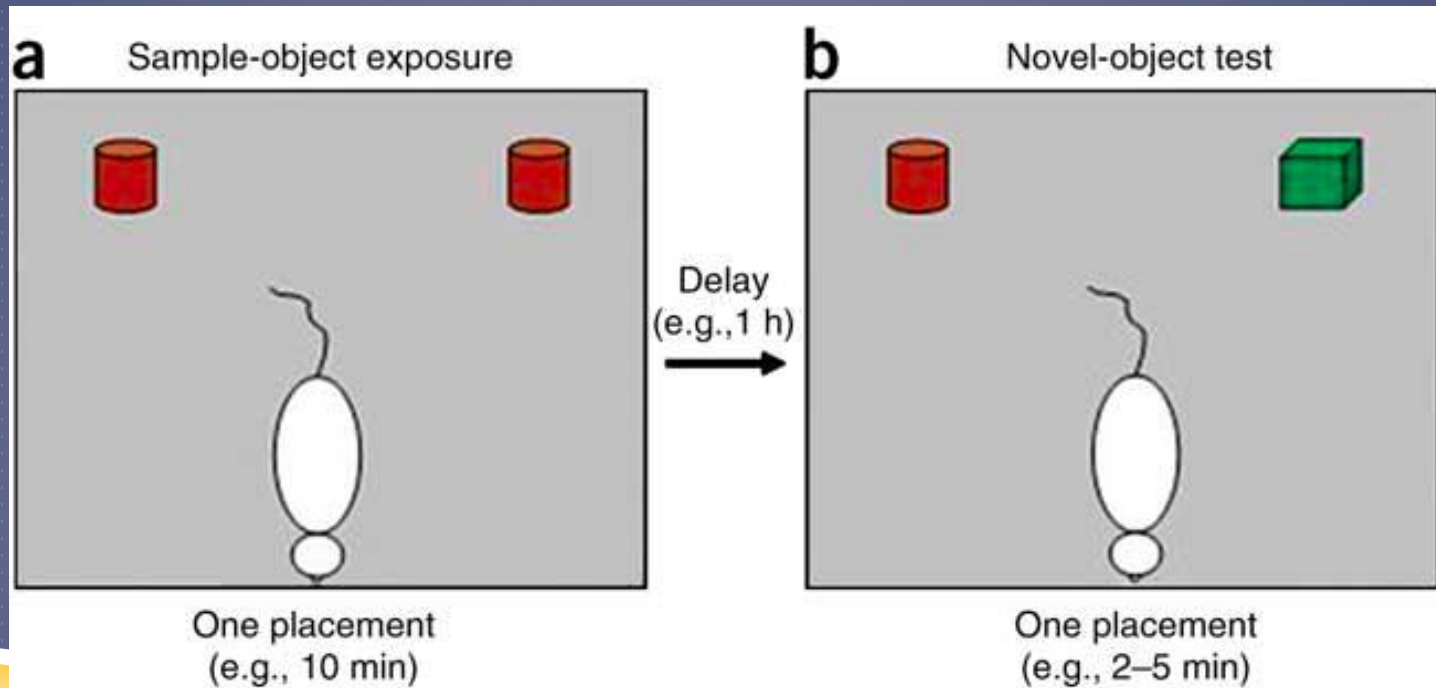
NEUROCOGNITIVE TESTS

- ▶ Staircase Test
- ▶ Assesses the level of anxiety (rears) and exploratory activity (stairs) of each mouse
- ▶ Total number of rears and stairs climbed are counted

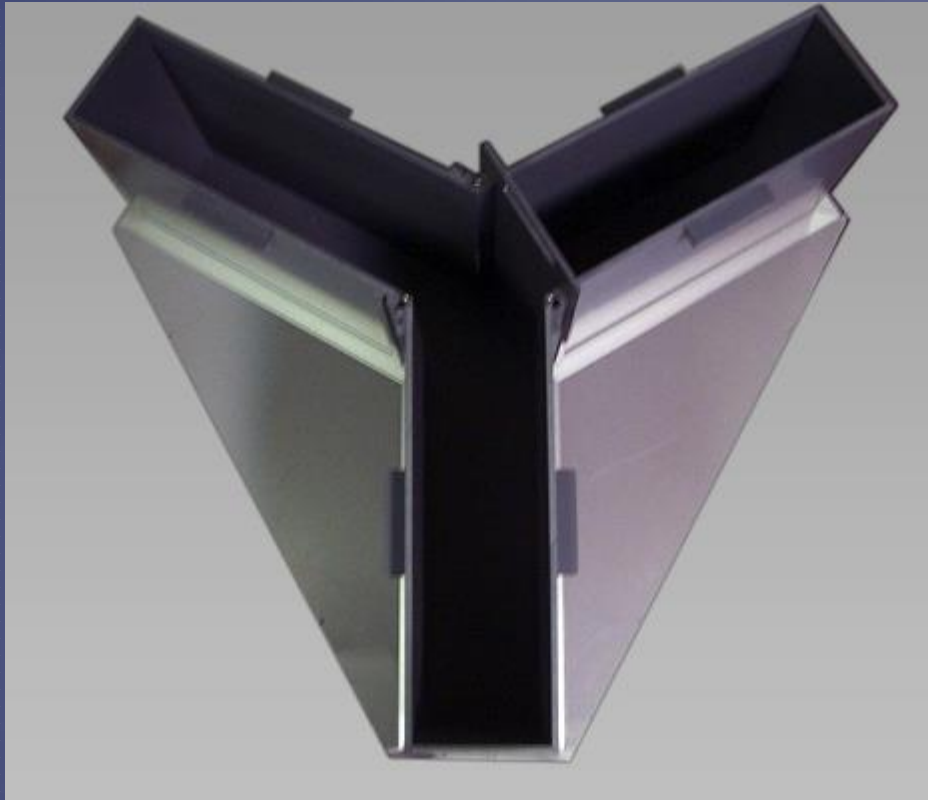


NEUROCOGNITIVE TESTS

- ▶ Novel Object Recognition (NOR)
 - ▶ Evaluates any long-term memory deficits

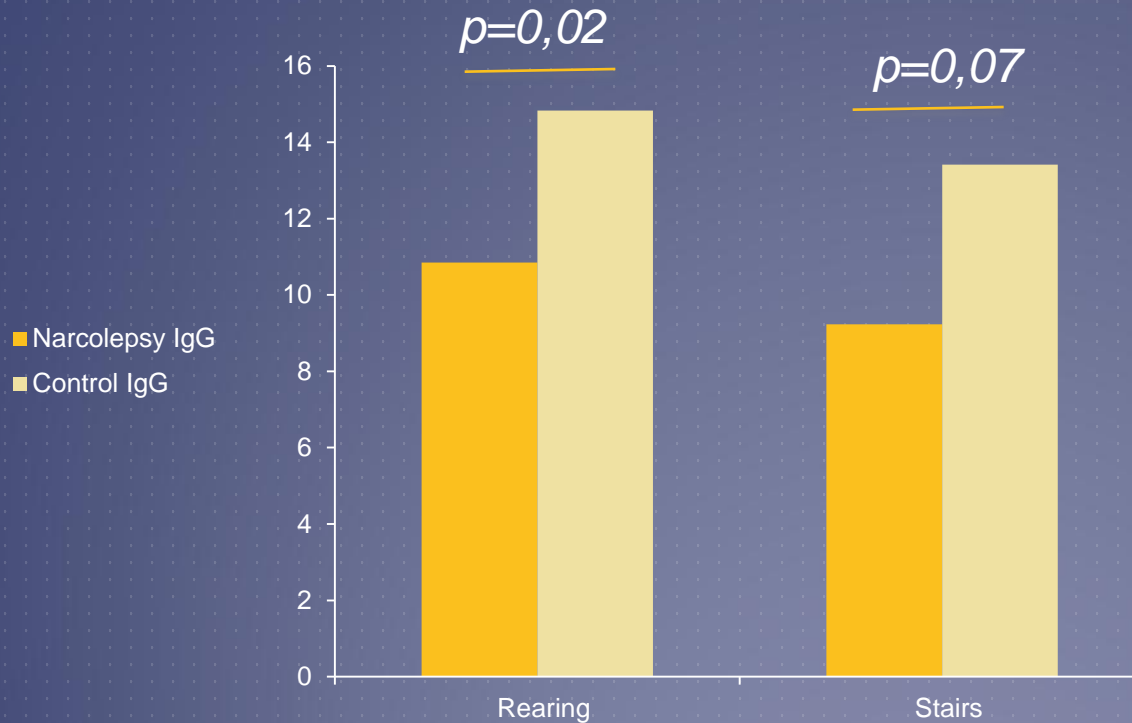


NEUROCOGNITIVE TESTS



- ▶ Y-maze
 - ▶ Evaluates spatial short-term memory

RESULTS



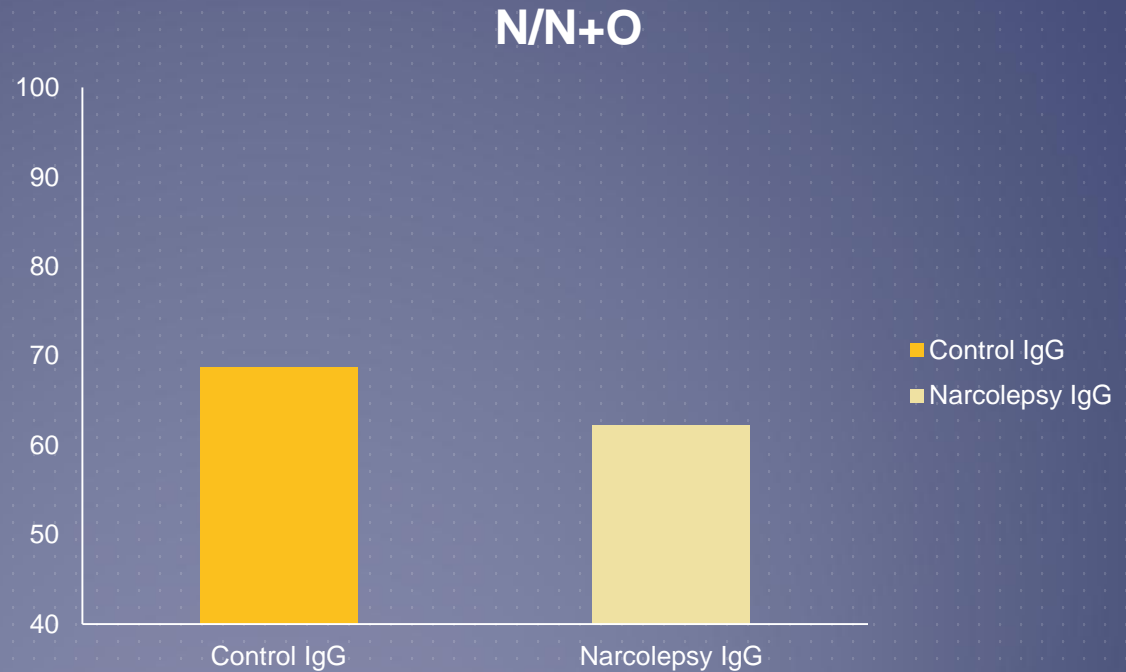
► Staircase Test

- Narcoleptic IgG injected mice were slightly less active than normal IgG injected mice.
- Narcoleptic mice less anxious

RESULTS

► NOR

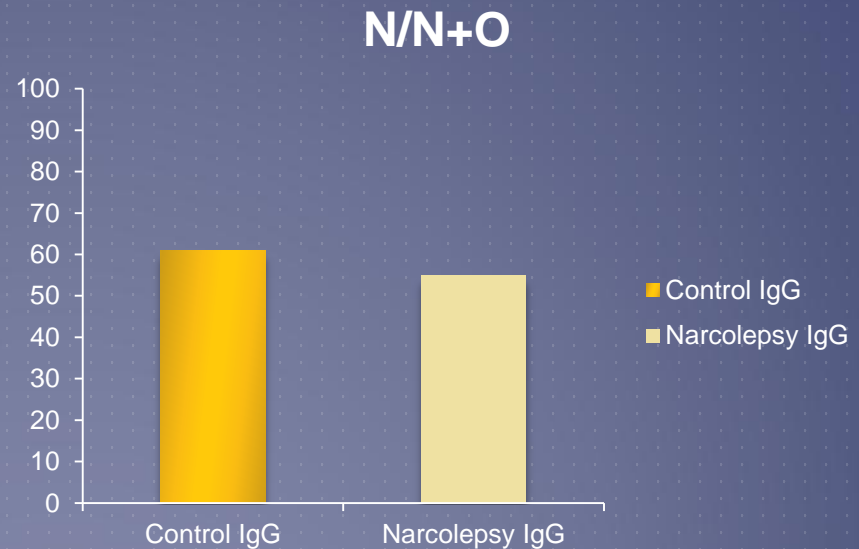
- No difference between Narcolepsy IgG injected mice and Control IgG injected mice.
- Normal time spent with novel objects is >50%. ($p=0,3$)



RESULTS

► Y-maze

- No difference between Narcolepsy IgG injected mice and Control IgG injected mice.
- Normal time spent with new arm is >50%.
($p=0,07$)



CONCLUSION

- ▶ Autoimmunity may be involved in the pathophysiology of Narcolepsy.
- ▶ Research is being done to prove this so that treatment can be better understood and developed in the future.





REFERENCES

- ▶ [1] "[Narcolepsy Fact Sheet - NIH Publication No. 03-1637](#)". National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke. National Institutes of Health. Retrieved 5 August 2010.
- ▶ [2] Longstreth Jr WT, Koepsell TD, Ton TG, Hendrickson AF, van Belle G. The epidemiology of narcolepsy. *Sleep* 2007;30:13e26.
- ▶ [3] Birgitte Rahbek Kornum, Juliette Faraco and Emmanuel Mignot. Narcolepsy with hypocretin/orexin deficiency, infections and autoimmunity of the brain. *Current Opinion in Neurobiology* 2011, 21:897–903
- ▶ [4] Sakurai T, Mieda M, Tsujino N. The orexin system: roles in sleep/wake regulation. *Ann N Y Acad Sci* 2010;1200:149e61.
- ▶ [5] Mignot E, Lammers GJ, Ripley B, Okun M, Nevsimalova S, Overeem S, et al. The role of cerebrospinal fluid hypocretin measurement in the diagnosis of narcolepsy and other hypersomnias. *Arch Neurol* 2002;59:1553e62.
- ▶ [6] Peyron C, Faraco J, Rogers W, Ripley B, Overeem S, Charnay Y, et al. A mutation in a case of early onset narcolepsy and a generalized absence of hypocretin peptides in human narcoleptic brains. *Nat Med* 2000;6:991e7.
- ▶ [7] Kornum BR, Faraco J, Mignot E. Narcolepsy with hypocretin/orexin deficiency, infections and autoimmunity of the brain. *Curr Opin Neurobiol* 2011;21:897e903.
- ▶ [8] Mignot E, Lin L, Rogers W, Honda Y, Qiu X, Lin X, et al. Complex HLA-DR and -DQ interactions confer risk of narcolepsy-cataplexy in three ethnic groups. *Am J Hum Genet* 2001;68:686e99.
- ▶ [9] Mignot E: Genetic and familial aspects of narcolepsy. *Neurology* 1998, 50:0.
- ▶ [10] "[The MPA investigates reports of narcolepsy in patients vaccinated with Pandemrix](#)". *Swedish Medical Products Agency*. 18 August 2010. Retrieved 19 August 2010.
- ▶ [11] Cvetkovic-Lopes V, Bayer L, Dorsaz S, Maret S, Pradervand S, Dauvilliers Y, et al. Elevated Tribbles homolog 2-specific antibody levels in narcolepsy patients. *J Clin Invest* 2010;120:713e9.
- ▶ [12] Kawashima M, Lin L, Tanaka S, Jennum P, Knudsen S, Nevsimalova S, et al. Anti-Tribbles homolog 2 (TRIB2) autoantibodies in narcolepsy are associated with recent onset of cataplexy. *Sleep* 2010;33:869e74.
- ▶ [13] Aviva Katzav, Maria T. Arango, Shayekivity, Susumu Tanaka, Gili Givaty, Nancy Agmon-Levin, Makoto Honda, Juan-Manuel Anaya, Joab Chapman, Yehuda Shoenfeld. Passive transfer of narcolepsy: Anti-TRIB2 autoantibody positive patient IgG causes hypothalamic orexin neuron loss and sleep attacks in mice. *Journal of Autoimmunity*. 2013;45:24-30